Roofing Construction and Estimating

<u>Chapter 1 – Measuring and Calculating Roofs</u>

• A rafter that extends perpendicularly from the top of an outside wall to the ridge board is called a common rafter (pg. 13)

<u>Chapter 3 – Underlayment on Sloping Roofs</u>

- Underlayment serves several purposes: (pg. 35)
 - It protects roof sheathing before the roof covering is applied
 - It acts as a added weather protection
 - It separates asphalt shingles from areas where surface resins in wood sheathing may damage the shingle
 - It provides additional insulation
 - It cushions heavy roofing units such as tile or slate
- You must use underlayment with all shingle roofs (pg. 37)

Chapter 4 - Asphalt Shingles

- To qualify for UL classification, a shingle must not (pg. 75)
 - disintegrate and fall off the roof as glowing brands
 - break, slide, warp, or crack, exposing the deck
 - allow the roof deck to fall away as glowing particles
 - allow continued flaming beneath the roof deck